Valve Retrofit Installation Instructions
for use with Electronic Actuators

Effective February 2010
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Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

The valve should be stripped down to its basic form, as shown. The linkage components have been designed to attach to the valve in this state, rather than to any existing hardware. Note that this style valve has a permanently attached bonnet nut which rotates freely, but does not come off the valve itself.

Follow these steps to properly assemble STYLE 1 type globe valves to the retrofit linkage. Reference the step-by-step photos to help guide you through the assembly process.

STEP 1) Assemble the supplied stem nut (E) to the valve stem, and thread at least 10 - 12 turns down onto the stem.

STEP 2) Attach the rack assembly (F), which may or may not include an extension or adapter, onto the valve stem. Thread the assembly as far down onto the valve stem as possible, until you contact the previously attached valve stem nut.
STEP 3) Use a 1/2" open end wrench, and an additional open end wrench sized to match the valve stem nut (E), to tighten the rack assembly (F) to the valve stem. Use the 1/2" open end wrench to attach to the smooth back side of the rack, opposite the teeth. This will prevent damage to the rack teeth during the tightening sequence.

STEP 4) Slide the gearbox (A) assembly over the rack and down onto the valve bonnet nut. Note the the rack teeth must point TOWARDS the linkage drive shaft (B), and that the rack enters a small square hole in the bottom of the gearbox when aligned properly.

STEP 5) Use slip joint pliers to tighten the valve bonnet nut against the brass bonnet adapter (C) on the bottom of the linkage. Hold the linkage from turning while you are tightening the bonnet nut.

STEP 6) Check for full stem travel by turning the linkage drive shaft (B) fully clockwise (CW) and counter clockwise (CCW) until you feel the valve seat or hit travel limit stops in both directions. The shaft should turn freely without binding.

STEP 7) Turn the linkage drive shaft fully CW, and attach the actuator. This will position the linkage in the stem down position. Lightly snug up on the actuator's shaft clamp nuts. Turn the actuator CCW until you feel resistance due to the valve reaching end of travel. Notice the distance between the actuator's current position and the actuator's end of travel @ fully CCW. Loosen the actuator shaft clamp nuts, and rotate the actuator ONE-HALF the distance to its full CCW travel. Tighten the actuator's shaft clamp nuts securely. This procedure balances the valve travel limits within the range of motion of the actuator, thereby assuring unimpeded valve stem travel. When using an AF or NF actuator, a 5° offset may be necessary to ensure proper close off.
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

The valve should be stripped down to its basic form, as shown. The linkage components have been designed to attach to the valve in this state, rather than to any existing hardware. Note that this style valve has an internal packing nut, which does NOT interfere with the bonnet threads.

Follow these steps to properly assemble STYLE 2 type globe valves to the retrofit linkage. Reference the step-by-step photos to help guide you through the assembly process.

**STEP 1)** Assemble the supplied stem nut (E) to the valve stem, and thread at least 10 - 12 turns down onto the stem.

**STEP 2)** Attach the rack assembly (F), which may or may not include an extension or adapter, onto the valve stem. Thread the assembly as far down onto the valve stem as possible, until you contact the previously attached valve stem nut.
UGLK/UGSP Series Globe Valve Retrofit Solution
Retrofitting STYLE 2 Globe Valves Typical for Internal Packing Nut Type Valves

STEP 3) Use a 1/2" open end wrench, and an additional open end wrench sized to match the valve stem nut (E), to tighten the rack assembly (F) to the valve stem. Use the 1/2" open end wrench to attach to the smooth back side of the rack, opposite the teeth. This will prevent damage to the rack teeth during the tightening sequence.

STEP 4) Slide the gearbox (A) assembly over the rack and down onto the valve bonnet nut. Note the the rack teeth must point TOWARDS the linkage drive shaft (B), and that the rack enters a small square hole in the bottom of the gearbox when aligned properly.

STEP 5) Once the linkage is fully seated on the valve bonnet, tighten setscrew (G) in the collar to affix the linkage onto the valve.

STEP 6) Check for full stem travel by turning the linkage drive shaft (B) fully clockwise (CW) and counter clockwise (CCW) until you feel the valve seat or hit travel limit stops in both directions. The shaft should turn freely without binding.

STEP 7) Turn the linkage drive shaft fully CW, and attach the actuator. This will position the linkage in the stem down position. Lightly snug up on the actuator's shaft clamp nuts. Turn the actuator CCW until you feel resistance due to the valve reaching end of travel. Notice the distance between the actuator's current position and the actuator's end of travel @ fully CCW. Loosen the actuator shaft clamp nuts, and rotate the actuator ONE-HALF the distance to its full CCW travel. Tighten the actuator's shaft clamp nuts securely. This procedure balances the valve travel limits within the range of motion of the actuator, thereby assuring unimpeded valve stem travel. When using an AF or NF actuator, a 5° offset may be necessary to ensure proper close off.
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

The valve should be stripped down to its basic form, as shown. The linkage components have been designed to attach to the valve in this state, rather than to any existing hardware. Note that there are no threads on the bonnet. The packing nut is smaller than the diameter of the bonnet. There is a groove in the bonnet used to secure the retrofit collar to the valve.

Follow these steps to properly assemble STYLE 3 type globe valves to the retrofit linkage. Reference the step-by-step photos to help guide you through the assembly process.

**STEP 1)** Assemble the supplied stem nut (E) to the valve stem, and thread at least 10 - 12 turns down onto the stem.

**STEP 2)** Attach the rack assembly (F), which may or may not include an extension or adapter, onto the valve stem. Thread the assembly as far down onto the valve stem as possible, until you contact the previously attached valve stem nut.
UGLK/UGSP Series Globe Valve Retrofit Solution
Retrofitting STYLE 3 Globe Valves Typical for Powers 599 Series and Other Non-Threaded, Non-Tapered Bonnet Valves

STEP 3) Use a 1/2” open end wrench, and an additional open end wrench sized to match the valve stem nut (E), to tighten the rack assembly (F) to the valve stem. Use the 1/2” open end wrench to attach to the smooth back side of the rack, opposite the teeth. This will prevent damage to the rack teeth during the tightening sequence.

STEP 4) Slide the gearbox (A) assembly over the rack and down onto the valve bonnet nut. Note that the rack teeth must point TOWARDS the linkage drive shaft (B), and that the rack enters a small square hole in the bottom of the gearbox when aligned properly. It may be necessary to loosen the setscrew (G) in the linkage collar (C) before it will seat fully onto the valve bonnet.

STEP 5) Once the linkage is fully seated on the valve bonnet, tighten setscrew (G) in the collar to affix the linkage onto the valve.

STEP 6) Check for full stem travel by turning the linkage drive shaft (B) fully clockwise (CW) and counter clockwise (CCW) until you feel the valve seat or hit travel limit stops in both directions. The shaft should turn freely without binding.

STEP 7) Turn the linkage drive shaft fully CW, and attach the actuator. This will position the linkage in the stem down position. Lightly snug up on the actuator’s shaft clamp nuts. Turn the actuator CCW until you feel resistance due to the valve reaching end of travel. Notice the distance between the actuator’s current position and the actuator’s end of travel @ fully CCW. Loosen the actuator shaft clamp nuts, and rotate the actuator ONE-HALF the distance to its full CCW travel. Tighten the actuator’s shaft clamp nuts securely. This procedure balances the valve travel limits within the range of motion of the actuator, thereby assuring unimpeded valve stem travel. When using an AF or NF actuator, a 5° offset may be necessary to ensure proper close off.
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

The valve should be stripped down to its basic form, as shown. Note that many pneumatically operated valves have hardware that must be removed from the threaded bonnet area before measurements can be taken.

Follow these steps to properly assemble STYLE 4 type globe valves to the retrofit linkage. Reference the step-by-step photos to help guide you through the assembly process.

**STEP 1)** Remove system pressure from the valve. Remove the external packing nut.

**STEP 2)** Be sure to retain all packing components which may come loose from the valve during the retrofit process.

**STEP 3)** Be sure to remove all existing linkage components. *JCI models may have an additional collar as shown.

**STEP 4)** Locate and identify the bonnet collar (C) and collar retaining ring (D).

**STEP 5)** Assemble the supplied collar (C) to the valve bonnet. It may be necessary to loosen the three retaining setscrews (G).
UGLK/UGSP Series Globe Valve Retrofit Solution
Retrofitting STYLE 4 Globe Valves Typical for Johnson Controls
and Other External Packing Nut Type Valves

STEP 6) Reattach the packing nut removed in step 1. Be sure to replace all packing materials that may have come loose during the retrofit process.

STEP 7) Assemble the supplied stem nut (E) to the valve stem, and thread at least 10 - 12 turns down onto the stem.

STEP 8) Attach the rack assembly (F), which may or may not include an extension or adapter, onto the valve stem. Thread the assembly as far down onto the valve stem as possible, until you contact the previously attached valve stem nut.

STEP 9) Use a 1/2” open end wrench, and an additional open end wrench sized to match the valve stem nut (E), to tighten the rack assembly (F) to the valve stem. Use the 1/2” open end wrench to attach to the smooth back side of the rack, opposite the teeth. This will prevent damage to the rack teeth during the tightening sequence.

STEP 11) After the linkage has been seated on the collar, turn the linkage until the key in the collar (C), lines up with and engages the key in the base of the linkage.

STEP 12) Attach the collar retaining ring (D) onto the collar, and press securely in place into the machined groove in the collar. You should hear a “snap” when the ring is fully seated.

STEP 13) Once the linkage is fully seated on the valve bonnet, tighten three setscrews (G) in the collar to affix the linkage onto the valve.

STEP 14) Check for full stem travel by turning the linkage drive shaft (B) fully clockwise (CW) and counter clockwise (CCW) until you feel the valve seat or hit travel limit stops in both directions. The shaft should turn freely without binding.

STEP 15) Turn the linkage drive shaft fully CW, and attach the actuator. This will position the linkage in the stem down position. Lightly snug up on the actuator’s shaft clamp nuts. Turn the actuator CCW until you feel resistance due to the valve reaching end of travel. Notice the distance between the actuator's current position and the actuator's end of travel @ fully CCW. Loosen the actuator shaft clamp nuts, and rotate the actuator ONE-HALF the distance to its full CCW travel. Tighten the actuator's shaft clamp nuts securely. This procedure balances the valve travel limits within the range of motion of the actuator, thereby assuring unimpeded valve stem travel. When using an AF or NF actuator, a 5° offset may be necessary to ensure proper close off.
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

The valve should be stripped down to its basic form, as shown. Note that there are no threads on the bonnet. The packing nut is smaller than the diameter of the bonnet. There is a groove in the bonnet used to secure the retrofit collar to the valve.

Follow these steps to properly assemble STYLE 5 type globe valves to the retrofit linkage. Reference the step-by-step photos to help guide you through the assembly process.

**STEP 1)** Assemble the supplied stem nut (E) to the valve stem, and thread at least 10 - 12 turns down onto the stem.

**STEP 2)** Attach the rack assembly (F), which may or may not include an extension or adapter, onto the valve stem. Thread the assembly as far down onto the valve stem as possible, until you contact the previously attached valve stem nut.
**UGLK/UGSP Series Globe Valve Retrofit Solution**

Retrofitting STYLE 5 Globe Valves Typical for Honeywell and Other Non-Threaded, Tapered Bonnet Valves

**STEP 3)** Use a 1/2" open end wrench, and an additional open end wrench sized to match the valve stem nut (E), to tighten the rack assembly (F) to the valve stem. Use the 1/2" open end wrench to attach to the smooth back side of the rack, opposite the teeth. This will prevent damage to the rack teeth during the tightening sequence.

**STEP 4)** Slide the gearbox (A) assembly over the rack and down onto the valve bonnet nut. Note that the rack teeth must point TOWARDS the linkage drive shaft (B), and that the rack enters a small square hole in the bottom of the gearbox when aligned properly. It may be necessary to loosen the setscrew (G) in the linkage collar (C) before it will seat fully onto the valve bonnet.

**STEP 5)** Once the linkage is fully seated on the valve bonnet, tighten setscrew (G) in the collar to affix the linkage onto the valve.

**STEP 6)** Check for full stem travel by turning the linkage drive shaft (B) fully clockwise (CW) and counter clockwise (CCW) until you feel the valve seat or hit travel limit stops in both directions. The shaft should turn freely without binding.

**STEP 7)** Turn the linkage drive shaft fully CW, and attach the actuator. This will position the linkage in the stem down position. Lightly snug up on the actuator's shaft clamp nuts. Turn the actuator CCW until you feel resistance due to the valve reaching end of travel. Notice the distance between the actuator's current position and the actuator's end of travel @ fully CCW. Loosen the actuator shaft clamp nuts, and rotate the actuator ONE-HALF the distance to its full CCW travel. Tighten the actuator's shaft clamp nuts securely. This procedure balances the valve travel limits within the range of motion of the actuator, thereby assuring unimpeded valve stem travel. When using an AF or NF actuator, a 5° offset may be necessary to ensure proper close off.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UGLK Collars</th>
<th>Inside Diameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Most Commonly Used Valve Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Type 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-1005</td>
<td>1.000&quot;</td>
<td>3 setscrews, for frame type</td>
<td>•</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-1063</td>
<td>1.063&quot;</td>
<td>3 setscrews, for frame type</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-1100</td>
<td>1.100&quot;</td>
<td>3 setscrews, for frame type, counterbored top</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-1255</td>
<td>1.250&quot;</td>
<td>3 setscrews, for frame type</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-1315</td>
<td>1.315&quot;</td>
<td>3 setscrews, for frame type, can be used with VB7 with shim</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-1375</td>
<td>1.375&quot;</td>
<td>3 setscrews, for frame type</td>
<td>•</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-BC10</td>
<td>1.250&quot;-16 Thd.</td>
<td>Fits Siebe VB7/VB9. Use on frame type only</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-HY02</td>
<td>1.375&quot;</td>
<td>1 setscrew, for frame type</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-LG02</td>
<td>1.740&quot;</td>
<td>1 setscrew, for frame type</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-LG04</td>
<td>1.740&quot;</td>
<td>1 setscrew, for frame type</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-JC05</td>
<td>1.070&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-JC06</td>
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<td>Threaded, brass</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-JC08</td>
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<td>3 setscrews, for frame type, counterbored top</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-JC15</td>
<td>1.070&quot;</td>
<td>Ring, no setscrews</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-WNUT</td>
<td>1.375&quot;-20 Thd.</td>
<td>Replacement Warren nut. Will not go over damaged threads</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-AD01</td>
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<td>Fits Siebe VB7/VB9. For VB7 frame only</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-COL-UNIV</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>3 setscrews, for frame type. Must be machined</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UGLK Stem Adapters</th>
<th>Inside Diameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Most Commonly Used Valve Type</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Type 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-STM-1800</td>
<td>1/4&quot;- 28 Stem Thd.</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-STM-1801</td>
<td>3/8&quot;- 24 Stem Thd.</td>
<td>•</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-STM-1802</td>
<td>1/2&quot;- 20 Stem Thd.</td>
<td>•</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-STM-1803</td>
<td>7/16&quot;-20 Stem Thd.</td>
<td>•</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-STM-1501</td>
<td>3/8&quot;- 24 Stem Thd.</td>
<td>For Warren FLG valves with UGLK</td>
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<tr>
<td>UGLK-STM-2305</td>
<td>3/8&quot; OD Grooved</td>
<td>Landis 2.5-3&quot;-599 Series</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UGLK-STM-UNIV</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>Must be machined</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

Please refer to the above exploded view above when following the assembly procedure, to better identify which parts are being addressed in each step.

**Step 1)** Assemble the actuator mounting bracket (A) to the top of the valve actuator mounting pad using the supplied bolts (B), lock washers (C) and nuts (D). The bracket does NOT need to be oriented on the valve body in any particular position, however, the bracket should not come into contact with pipes, conduit or walls.

**Step 2)** Once all four bolts, lock washers and nuts have been assembled onto the valve body, tighten securely.
**Step 3** Determine the position of the valve disc. Most manufacturers mark the TOP of the valve stem with a slot which indicates the disc angle. Slide the drive pin assembly, consisting of the drive shaft (E), the valve shaft coupling (F), the mating pin (G), and the setscrew (H), over the valve shaft. It may be necessary to back out the set screw (H) a few turns to make sure there is clearance in the coupling pocket (bottom of (F) for the valve shaft. You will notice there is a flat on the outside diameter of (F). This flat should be parallel to the disc position when assembled correctly.

**Step 4** Once the drive pin assembly has been seated onto the valve stem, tighten setscrew (H) to lock the assembly onto the valve shaft. The drive shaft (E) should be concentric and parallel with the valve shaft so there is no binding. Any angular alignment MUST be corrected before moving on to the next step.

**Step 5** Mark the TOP of the drive shaft to indicate the valve disc position. At this time, you should rotate the valve disc so that it is in the closed position. This will help facilitate proper attachment of the actuator.

**Step 6** Assemble the actuator to the linkage by sliding the actuator shaft clamp over the kit drive shaft (E). The actuator anti-rotation pin (I) should already be positioned in the correct hole for the actuator, but it can be moved to accommodate AM, GM or AF series actuators. Make sure the anti-rotation pin nut (J) is tight.

**Step 7** Make sure the bottom of the actuator is PARALLEL to the mounting plate (A) when tightening the actuator clamp nuts. If this is not checked, it is possible that binding could cause erratic movement of the valve disc due to reduced torque transmission to the valve shaft.

**Step 8** For AF series actuators, release the pre-load on the spring before tightening the clamp nuts, as the valve disc has already been positioned at the fully closed position. For fail open requirements, pre-wind the AF spring to full open position before tightening the clamp nuts. When released, the spring will then OPEN the valve disc.

**Note:** Belimo recommends drilling a pilot hole into the shaft. This will ensure the set screw (H) sits flat. Failure to do this may result in the coupler (F) slipping over time.
Assembly Procedure for SY…Retrofit Solution

**Retrofit Requirement:**
The initial step is to determine if your application can accept a retrofit solution. As shown below (Fig. 1), the valve stem must not be located below the horizontal plane. If this condition exists, the SY actuator could not be used in this situation. A Belimo technical support person is available to help determine what solution best fits your application. A typical solution is shown in Fig. 2.

**Assembly Procedure (Mechanical)**

**Step 1)** The valve must be stripped down to its basic form. Remove all other linkage components before starting the assembly sequence below. The linkage components have been designed to attach to the existing valve flange rather than to any existing hardware.

**Step 2)** The valve has either flats, a key slot, holes or a mark indicating the position of the disc with respect to the shaft. Usually, the flats, keys, holes and marks are PARALLEL to the valve disc. The photo at left shows the flatted shaft in the CLOSED position.
Step 3) The valve MUST be in the OPEN position before starting the retrofit process. The photo at the left shows the shaft flats are PARALLEL to the piping, but the disc is PARALLEL to the flats, thereby indicating the valve disc is in the fully OPEN position. You MUST verify the disc is fully OPEN before proceeding.

Step 4) Place the coupling (E) over the valve stem. It can be assembled in two different positions 180 degrees apart, but either position is OK. It would be helpful at this time to make a mark on the coupling and on the valve body so you can easily reference the position of the valve after the actuator is attached.

Step 5) Install the actuator mounting bracket (A) onto the valve top works flange as shown.

Step 6) Insert the four mounting bolts (B), lockwashers (C), and the hex nuts (D). Do NOT tighten at this time.

Step 7) The SY actuator is shipped in the OPEN position. Make sure the actuator is in the OPEN position before attaching to the valve/coupling assembly. The SY actuator turns counter clockwise (CCW) to the OPEN position, when viewed from ABOVE the actuator.

Step 8) Verify that the SY actuator is in the OPEN position also by looking at the bottom of the actuator. There is a dimple mark punched in the output shaft which will align with the "1" mark when the actuator is in the OPEN position.

Step 9) Stand with the valve face (where the piping flange connects to the valve body) towards you. Hold the SY actuator with the handwheel on the RIGHT, and the EMT connectors to your LEFT. Align the square drive or keyway in the SY actuator with the square drive or keys in the coupling (C). The SY actuator will slide completely over the drive square and will rest ON the mounting bracket (A).

Step 10) Attach the hand knob to the hand wheel as shown below (if not already completed).
Step 11) Tighten the jam nut to prevent the hand knob from becoming loose.

Step 12) Insert the four hex bolts (G) and lock washers (F) through the bracket and into the bottom of the SY actuator as shown. Do NOT tighten until all four sets have been installed. Slight twisting of the entire SY actuator will facilitate alignment of the bolts.

Step 13) After all four have been inserted, tighten accordingly.

Step 14) Now tighten the four bracket bolts (B, C, D) assembled previously in step 6.

Step 15) When mechanical assembly is complete, the SY actuator and valve body should be oriented as shown below. The actuator is in the OPEN position, and the valve disc is fully OPEN. All bolts are tight, and electrical checkout is now possible.

Application Note:
The hand wheel on the SY actuator is engaged at all times but does not rotate when the actuator is running. It is possible at anytime to turn the hand wheel by simply rotating it CW or CCW. The hand wheel does NOT need to be pulled or pushed into the actuator to make it operational. However, it should be noted that if a control signal and power is present at the actuator when the hand wheel is turned, the actuator will return to its controlled position. If it is desired to have the actuator maintain its position after turning the hand wheel, it will be necessary to remove power from the actuator, either at the source or by use of an optional SY-HOA local switch.
Assembly Procedure (Electrical), On/Off Models

⚠️ WARNING
Hazard identification warnings appear at appropriate sections throughout this manual. Read these carefully.

**Step 1)** Remove the four hex bolts securing the cover to the base casting.

**Step 2)** Remove cover from the SY actuator. A flat blade screwdriver inserted carefully into the provided slot (as shown) will facilitate removal of the cover.

**Step 3)** Conduit entries into the SY actuator must be selected for their operating location (indoors protected, indoors wash down, outdoors, etc). Be sure to follow standard NEC guidelines when selecting conduit and connector types.

**Step 4)** Follow the wire sizing chart in the Installation Operation Manual (IOM) (Belimo p/n 70103-00001D page 17) to make sure you use the correctly size wire when connecting the SY to your power source. Failure to follow the recommendations in the table could cause actuator failure or nuisance tripping.

**Step 5)** Follow the wiring diagrams in the IOM pages 18 (single) & 23 (multiple) for proper power and control wiring to the SY actuator. Make note of the following:
   a. Do NOT connect multiple actuators in parallel without isolation relays.
   b. Be sure “Hot” is connected to terminal #7 to enable the heater circuit, and “Neutral” is connected to terminal #1.

**Step 6)** Apply proper voltage to terminals 1 (Neutral) & 7 (Hot). Apply proper actuator voltage to terminals 1 (Neutral) & 4 (Hot) to drive the actuator CLOSED until the end-of-travel cam STOPS the actuator movement.

**Step 7)** Visually check the position of the valve to make sure it reaches its full CLOSED position.

**Step 8)** Apply proper voltage to terminals 1 (Neutral) & 7 (Hot). Apply proper actuator voltage to terminals 1 (Neutral) & 3 (Hot) to drive the actuator OPEN until the end-of-travel cam STOPS the actuator movement.

**Step 9)** Visually check the position of the valve disc to make sure it reaches its full OPEN position.

**Step 10)** If the valve functions properly, mechanical assembly and electrical checkout are complete.

⚠️ WARNING
FACTORY NOTE:
The SY actuators have been calibrated at the factory before shipping to you for use in this retrofit kit. The SY actuator calibration will suffice 99% of the time for your application. Improper calibration to the actuator may void your warranty. If you have any questions, please contact a Belimo technical support representative at 800-543-9038 for assistance.
Assembly Procedure (Electrical), Proportional Models

⚠️ Hazard Identification
Warnings appear at appropriate sections throughout this manual. Read these carefully.

Step 1) Remove the four hex bolts securing the cover to the base casting.

Step 2) Remove cover from the SY actuator. A flat blade screwdriver inserted carefully into the provided slot (as shown) will facilitate removal of the cover.

Step 3) Conduit entries into the SY actuator must be selected for their operating location (indoors protected, indoors wash down, outdoors, etc). Be sure to follow standard NEC guidelines when selecting conduit and connector types.

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Step 5) Follow the wiring diagrams in the IOM pages 14 through 37 for proper power and control wiring to the SY actuator.

Note: All SY1-P and SY2..12-SR/MFT actuators are factory pre-set with the proper customer requested control programming.

Step 6) Connect the proper electrical power and control wiring per the wiring diagrams located on pages 14-37.

Step 7) Check the operation of the actuator by commanding the control system to generate control signals matching the needs of the job to run the valve from fully CLOSED to fully OPEN, as well as a MID-POINT position. The indicator on the top of the SY actuator will be an indicator as to the position of the actuator, and therefore, the valve position.

Step 8) If the valve functions properly, mechanical assembly and electrical checkout are complete.

⚠️ WARNING

FACTORY NOTE:
The SY actuators have been calibrated at the factory before shipping to you for use in this retrofit kit. The SY actuator calibration will suffice 99% of the time for your application. Improper calibration to the actuator may void your warranty. If you have any questions, please contact a Belimo technical support representative at 800-543-9038 for assistance.
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

The valves should be stripped down to their basic form, as shown. Remove all other linkage components before starting the assembly sequence below. The linkage components have been designed to attach to the valve in this state, rather than to any existing hardware.

Please refer to the above exploded view above when following the assembly procedure, to better identify which parts are being addressed in each step. Additionally, you need to determine the configuration of the valve you are trying to retrofit, using one of the three diagrams below:

Depending on the orientation of the tee assembly, if the valves are mounted on the TOP and BRANCH positions (tee mounted vertically), or on the LEFT and BRANCH positions (tee mounted horizontally) you will refer to configuration codes X10-X15.

If the valves are mounted on the BOTTOM and BRANCH positions (tee mounted vertically), or on the RIGHT and BRANCH positions (tee mounted horizontally) you will refer to configuration codes X20-X25.
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

**Step 1)** Assemble the actuator mounting bracket(s) (A) to the top of the valve actuator mounting pad(s) using the supplied bolts (B), lock washers (C) and nuts (D). The bracket(s) need to be oriented so that they are parallel to the RUN of the tee, unless you have configuration codes X30-35, in which case the bracket(s) must be mounted parallel to the BRANCH of the tee.

**Step 2)** Refer to the three configuration drawing types on pages 133 and 134 and position the valve discs as instructed. For example, if you have a Configuration Type A tee assembly, you will OPEN the master valve (A), and CLOSE the slave valve (B). During the assembly procedure, CLOSED and OPEN means 0 degrees and 90 degrees respectively. Failure to position the discs into their quadrants will result in improper operation and performance of the retrofit kit. Most manufacturers mark the TOP of the valve stem with a slot which indicates the disc angle.

**Step 3)** Slide the drive pin assembly, consisting of the drive shaft(s) (E), the valve shaft couplings (F), the mating pins (G), and the setscrews (H), over the valve shafts. It may be necessary to back out the set screws (H) a few turns to make sure there is clearance in the coupling pockets (bottom of (F) for the valve shafts. Drive shafts (E) should be concentric and parallel with the valve shafts so there is no binding. Any angular alignment MUST be corrected before moving on to the next step.

**Note:** Belimo recommends drilling a pilot hole into the shaft. This will ensure the set screw (H) sits flat. Failure to do this may result in the coupler (F) slipping over time.

**Step 4)** Mark the top of each drive shaft (E) to indicate the disc position. Typically, this is done using a chisel to punch a line PARALLEL to the valve disc to make it easier to identify the disc position during the assembly process.
Step 5) Refer to the three configuration drawing types and position the crank arms (K) as instructed. Slide the crank arms over valve couplings (F), and position just below the top edge of the couplings. Tighten set screws (H) to affix the crank arms (K) to the couplings (F).

Step 6) Once the crank arms (K) are attached to the assembly, again refer to the drawings to make sure the entire assembly matches the corresponding configuration type.

Step 7) The connecting rod (P) is supplied long enough to meet all configuration types, and will have to be modified in the field to properly fit your assembly. Connecting rod (P) is furnished with jamb nut (O), yoke (N), clevis pin (L) and cotter key (M) attached to one end, and the second yoke assembly attached to the opposite end. Remove the yoke assembly from the end without the jamb nut (O). Remove the cotter pins (M) and clevis pins (L) from both yokes (N). With the valve discs and crank arms (K) properly positioned, attach the end of the connecting rod (P) with the still attached yoke (N), to one of the crank arms (K), and reinstall clevis pin (L) to retain its position. Attach the free yoke (N) to the second crank arm (K) and again use the clevis pin (L) to retain its position. Point the connecting rod (P) towards the second yoke and align the yoke (N) with the connecting rod (P). You will now have an idea of where to CUT the connecting rod (P) for a proper fit. The correct length is attained when the ENDS of the connection rod (P) are even with the INSIDE ends of the threads on the yokes (N). Be sure to tighten the jamb nut (O) after the proper length has been attained. Reinstall the cotter pins (M) in both clevis pins (L) and bend to retain.

Step 8) Assemble the actuator(s) to the linkage by sliding the actuator shaft clamp over the kit drive shaft(s) (E). The actuator anti-rotation pin(s) (I) should already be positioned in the correct hole for the actuator, but they can be moved to accommodate AM, GM or AF series actuators. Make sure the anti-rotation pin nut(s) (J) is tight. Make sure the bottom of the actuator(s) is PARALLEL to the mounting plate (A) when tightening the actuator clamp nuts. If this is not checked, it is possible that binding could cause erratic movement of the valve disc due to reduced torque transmission to the valve shaft(s). For AF series actuators, release the pre-load on the spring before tightening the clamp nuts, as the valve discs have already been positioned at their full travel stops in step 2 above.

Step 9) Keep in mind that for dual actuator retrofits, the actuators turn in OPPOSITE directions. AF series actuators have to be mounted with opposite sides UP, and GM series actuators will need to have their 0/1 acting switches changed so one is opposite the other.

* On larger units it may be necessary to spot weld the crankarm to the coupler.
Retrofit Requirement: The initial step is to determine if your application can accept a retrofit solution. As shown below (Fig. 1), the valve stem must not be located below the horizontal plane. If this condition exists, the SY actuator could not be used in this situation. A Belimo technical support person is available to help determine what solution best fits your application. A typical solution is shown in Fig. 2.

Depending on the orientation of the tee assembly, if the valves are mounted on the TOP and BRANCH positions (tee mounted vertically), or on the LEFT and BRANCH positions (tee mounted horizontally) you will refer to configuration codes X10-X15.

If the valves are mounted on the BOTTOM and BRANCH positions (tee mounted vertically), or on the RIGHT and BRANCH positions (tee mounted horizontally) you will refer to configuration codes X20-X25.
Assembly Procedure (Mechanical)

If the valves are mounted on the TOP and BOTTOM positions (tee mounted vertically), or on the LEFT and RIGHT positions (tee mounted horizontally) you will refer to configuration codes X30-X35.

**Note:** For purposes of clarity, this procedure utilizes configuration codes X20-X25.

**Step 1)** Both valves must be stripped down to their basic form. Remove all other linkage components before starting the assembly sequence below. The linkage components have been designed to attach to the valves in their basic form state rather than to any existing hardware.

**Step 2)** Referring to the three configuration types on page 3 of the SY IOM, position the master and slave valve discs as instructed. For example, if you have a configuration code X20 tee assembly, you will OPEN the Master valve (M) and CLOSE the Slave valve (S).

During the assembly procedure, CLOSED and OPEN means 0 degrees and 90 degrees respectively. Failure to position the discs into their proper quadrants will result in improper operation and performance of the retrofit kit. Most manufacturers mark the TOP of the valve stem with a slot or other mark which indicates the disc angle. **Note:** Regardless of configuration code, the Master valve should always be OPEN and the Slave valve should always be CLOSED before starting the assembly process.

**Step 3)** Install the MASTER valve crank arm onto the MASTER valve in the correct orientation, as shown. Install the SLAVE valve crank arm onto the SLAVE valve in the correct orientation, as shown.

**Step 4)** Tighten the MASTER and SLAVE crank arm assemblies using the appropriate hex key wrench. Make sure the drive couplings are fully seated onto the valve stems BEFORE tightening the set screws.

**Step 5)** Shown here is the SLAVE crank arm assembly being secured to the valve stem. Notice the markings on the valve top works indicating OPEN and CLOSED positions of the stem for later reference. Once set, crankarms may require spot welding to the coupling on SY7-12 units.
**Step 6)** There are no other possible orientations of this bracket. The Master crank arm will rotate 90 degrees clockwise, and there are reliefs in the sides of the bracket to accommodate this angular rotation.

**Step 7)** Insert the four bolts and mount the bracket to the valve mounting flange. Attach the lock washers and nuts, but do NOT tighten at this time.

**Step 8)** To facilitate the insertion of the mounting bolts, it may be necessary to move the valve disc, and therefore the crank arm, to gain access to the mounting holes.

**Step 9)** Remove the SY actuator from its protective cartons.

**Step 10)** Although the SY actuator ships from the factory IN the OPEN position, make sure the actuator is in the OPEN position before attaching to the valve/coupling assembly. The SY actuator turns counter clockwise (CCW) to the OPEN position when viewed from ABOVE the actuator.

**Step 11)** Verify that the SY actuator is in the OPEN position also by looking at the bottom of the actuator. There is a dimple mark punched in the output shaft which will align with the "1" mark when the actuator is in the OPEN position.

**Step 12)** Attach the hand knob to the hand wheel as shown below (if not already completed).

**Step 13)** Tighten the jam nut to prevent the hand knob from coming loose.
Step 14) Stand with the opening in the actuator bracket facing towards your LEFT. Hold the SY actuator with the handwheel on the RIGHT, and the EMT connectors to your LEFT. Align the square drive or keyway in the SY actuator with the square drive or keys in the coupling (C). The SY actuator will slide completely over the drive square and will rest ON the mounting bracket (A).

Step 15) Insert the four hex bolts (G) and lock washers (F) through the bracket and into the bottom of the SY actuator as shown. Do NOT tighten until all four sets have been installed. Slight twisting of the entire SY actuator will facilitate alignment of the bolts.

Step 16) After all four bolts have been inserted, tighten accordingly.

Step 17) Now tighten the four bracket bolts (B, C, D) assembled in step 6 above.

Step 18) When mechanical assembly is complete, the SY actuator and MASTER valve should be oriented as shown below. The actuator is in the OPEN position, and the valve disc is fully OPEN, and all bolts are tight.

Step 19) The SLAVE valve is fully CLOSED with the crank arm oriented as shown.

Note: The assembly now must be tested electrically before mechanical connection is made between the MASTER and SLAVE valve crank arms. Continue with electrical assembly on page 18 for On/Off models or page 20 of the SY IOM for proportional models.

Application Note:
The hand wheel on the SY actuator is engaged at all times but does not rotate when the actuator is running. It is possible at anytime to turn the hand wheel by simply rotating it CW or CCW. The hand wheel does NOT need to be pulled or pushed into the actuator to make it operational. However, it should be noted that if a control signal and power is present at the actuator when the hand wheel is turned, the actuator will return to its controlled position. If it is desired to have the actuator maintain its position after turning the hand wheel, it will be necessary to remove power from the actuator, either at the source or by use of an optional SY-HOA local switch.
SY... Series Butterfly Valve Retrofit Solution
Retrofitting 3-way Valves with Belimo SY On/Off Non-Spring Return Actuator

Step 20) With the MASTER valve in its fully OPEN position and the SLAVE valve in its fully CLOSED position, assemble the yoke and clevis pins onto the crank arms, pointing towards each other as shown.

Step 21) Measure the distance between the inboard end of the yokes to determine the proper length of the connecting rod. It is important to make sure the MASTER and SLAVE valves are in their proper positions (OPEN and CLOSED, respectively) before taking this measurement. Otherwise, the connecting rod could be too short for proper calibration of the SLAVE valve.

Step 22) After the connecting rod is cut to the correct length, screw it into SLAVE valve yoke end until the threads pass through the yoke and just start to protrude into the inboard end of the yoke. The rod lock nut should be closest to the SLAVE valve yoke end.

Step 23) Remove the MASTER valve yoke end and thread it onto the connecting rod. Adjust the distance between the yoke centers to match the hole in the MASTER valve crank arm.

Step 24) Insert the clevis pin into the master crank arm.

Step 25) Using the correct control signal (On/Off or Proportional) drive the MASTER valve 25% CLOSED, then drive the MASTER valve fully OPEN. The SLAVE valve should now be fully CLOSED. The SLAVE valve should now be fully CLOSED. If the SLAVE valve needs to be adjusted, it is accomplished by turning one of the yoke ends in (to shorten) or out (to lengthen) and rechecking the rotation angle using terminals #3 and #4 on the SY actuator. Always be sure to let the electrical travel cams stop the SY actuator before making any adjustments in the yoke ends of the connecting rod.
Step 26) Once the SLAVE valve has been determined to be in the correct position, lock the jam nut against one of the yoke ends to prevent any changes in the adjustments just completed.

Step 27) Insert two cotter keys into the two clevis pins.

Step 28) Replace the cover on the SY actuator and secure the four cover screws. One final check to make sure all bolts, screws, nuts & setscrews are tight.

Step 29) The mechanical and electrical installation of your retrofit system is now complete.

END PROCEDURE
Assembly Procedure (Electrical), On/Off Models

Step 1) Remove the four hex bolts securing the cover to the base casting.

Step 2) Remove cover from the SY actuator. A flat blade screwdriver inserted carefully into the provided slot (as shown) will facilitate removal of the cover.

Step 3) Conduit entries into the SY actuator must be selected for their operating location (indoors protected, indoors wash down, outdoors, etc). Be sure to follow standard NEC guidelines when selecting conduit and connector types.

Step 4) Follow the wire sizing chart in the Installation Operation Manual (IOM) (Belimo p/n 70103-00001D page 17) to make sure you use the correctly size wire when connecting the SY to your power source. Failure to follow the recommendations in the table could cause actuator failure or nuisance tripping.

Step 5) Follow the wiring diagrams in the IOM (pages 18 [single] and 23 [multiple]) for proper power and control wiring to the SY actuator. Make note of the following:

   a. Do NOT connect multiple actuators in parallel without isolation relays.
   b. Be sure "Hot" is connected to terminal #7 to enable the heater circuit, and "Neutral" is connected to terminal #1.

Step 6) Apply proper voltage to terminals #1 (Neutral) and #7 (Hot). Apply proper actuator voltage to terminals #1 (Neutral) and #4 (Hot) to drive the actuator CLOSED until the end-of-travel cam STOPS the actuator movement. (Note that there is no terminal #2).

Step 7) Visually check the position of the valve to make sure it reaches its full CLOSED position.

Step 8) Apply proper actuator voltage to terminals #1 (Neutral) and #3 (Hot) to drive the actuator OPEN until the end-of-travel cam STOPS the actuator movement.

Step 9) Visually check the position of the valve disc to make sure it reaches its full OPEN position.

Step 10) If the MASTER valve functions properly, mechanical assembly and electrical checkout are complete.

FACTORY NOTE:
The SY actuators have been calibrated at the factory before shipping to you for use in this retrofit kit. The SY actuator calibration will suffice 99% of the time for your application. Improper calibration to the actuator may void your warranty. If you have any questions, please contact a Belimo technical support representative at 800-543-9038 for assistance.

WARNING
Assembly Procedure (Electrical), Proportional Models

**Step 1)** Remove the four hex bolts securing the cover to the base casting.

**Step 2)** Remove cover from the SY actuator. A flat blade screwdriver inserted carefully into the provided slot (as shown) will facilitate removal of the cover.

**Step 3)** Conduit entries into the SY actuator must be selected for their operating location (indoors protected, indoors wash down, outdoors, etc). Be sure to follow standard NEC guidelines when selecting conduit and connector types.

**Step 4)** Follow the wire sizing chart in the Installation Operation Manual (IOM) (Belimo p/n 70103-00001D page 17) to make sure you use the correct size wire when connecting the SY to your power source. Failure to follow the recommendations in the table could cause actuator failure or nuisance tripping.

**Step 5)** Follow the wiring diagrams in the IOM (pages 14-37) for proper power and control wiring to the SY actuator.

**Step 6)** Connect the proper electrical power and control wiring per the wiring diagrams located in the IOM (pages 14-37).

**Step 7)** Check the operation of the actuator by commanding the control system to generate control signals matching the needs of the job to run the valve from fully CLOSED to fully OPEN, as well as a MID-POINT position. The indicator on the top of the SY actuator will be an indicator as to the position of the actuator, and therefore, the valve position.

When operating the MASTER valve between fully OPEN and CLOSED, check the clearance between the crank arm and the actuator bracket. The crank arm should NEVER come into contact with the actuator mounting bracket. If it does, immediately remove power from the actuator and call Belimo technical support for recalibration instructions.

**Step 8)** If the valve functions properly, mechanical assembly and electrical checkout are complete.

**FACTORY NOTE:**

The SY actuators have been calibrated at the factory before shipping to you for use in this retrofit kit. The SY actuator calibration will suffice 99% of the time for your application. Improper calibration to the actuator may void your warranty. If you have any questions, please contact a Belimo technical support representative at 800-543-9038 for assistance.

**WARNING**

Note: All SY1-P and SY2..12-SR/MFT actuators are factory pre-set with the proper customer requested control programming.
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

The valve should be stripped down to its basic form, as shown. The linkage components have been designed to attach to the valve in this state, rather than to any existing hardware.

Follow these steps to properly assemble ball valves to the retrofit linkage. Reference the step-by-step photos to help guide you through the assembly process.

**Step 1** Install bracket using the corresponding parts (listed below and to the right) for the exact ball valve being built. These may vary from valve to valve.

For 2 inch to 3 inch ball valves use:
- Four 5/16-18x3/4 HHB (P/N 43377)
- Four split washers (P/N 44084)
- Four 5/16-18 kep nuts (P/N 44094).

For 1¼ inch to 1½ inch ball valves use:
- Four ¼-20x1/2 BHCS (P/N 43263)
- Four split washers (P/N 44084)
- Four ¼-20 kep nuts (P/N 44028).

For ¾ inch to 1 inch ball valves use:
- Four ¼-20x3/4 BHCS (P/N 43157-00010)
- Four split washers (P/N 44084)
- Four ¼-20 kep nuts (P/N 44028).

Hand tighten until fully seated.
Step 2) Using an arbor press, press the oilite bearing through the flat plate from the smooth side of plate (burr side is down).

Step 3) Use the supplied single shaft and coupling for the ball valve that is being built.

Push the shaft into the coupling so the two holes (circled in yellow) are exactly centered over each other making an insertion path for the roll pin.

Step 4) Place the coupling shaft assembly onto the valve stem. Tap in place until coupling is fully seated on the valve stem. Put two or three (as needed) ¾ inch nylon washers (P/N 44092) (circled in white) onto the shaft to make a snug fit.

Step 5) Install flat plate over the bearing assembly with the oilite bearing extended portion up.

Step 6) Fasten the plate to the bracket using four 10-32 x 3/8 SHCS (P/N 43278).

Use the supplied roll pin 1/4 "x 1.25" (P/N 45010)

Drive the roll pin through the holes to secure the shaft to coupling.
Step 7) Install tail pin 10-32x1 SHCS (from the under-side) in the appropriate hole in the bracket.
GM actuator uses the hole to the left
AF actuator uses the center hole as shown
Fasten tight with 10-32 kep nut

Step 8) Slide actuator down over the shaft and onto the tail pin.
Make sure actuator is level with the bracket and perpendicular to the shaft.

Step 9) GM actuators:
- Remove the two nuts from the end of the U Bolt.
- Install handle onto the two ends of the U Bolt (which extends from the clamp on the actuator)
NOTE: Only the top actuator receives a handle.
- Hand tighten nuts.
Press actuator release (arrow) and rotate actuator to 1 position (open).

Step 10) AF actuators:
- Using the actuator crank provided. Wind each actuator in direction of arrow (either CW or CCW) one revolution.
- Stop and allow actuator to spring return to the end.
Actuators are received positioned at 0 degrees.
After allowing actuator to spring return to end, it will be positioned at 5 degrees.

Note: Not all spring return actuators may have this feature.
- If actuator is to be a fail open, operate the actuator and release before tightening down the clamp.
- If actuator is to be a fail closed, operate the actuator to the full end and then tighten the clamp down with the valve in the full open position.

To insure correct calibration of the assembly run the valve to both ends.
If there is slack in the assembly, readjust the ball valves.
Step 11) For 3-way ball valves: The 3-way ball valve assembly is completed the same way with AF, GM, single, actuators.

*Note:* If using a spring return actuator please verify what part should be open and closed.
Assembly Sequence for Existing Valves

The valve should be stripped down to its basic form, as shown. The linkage components have been designed to attach to the valve in this state, rather than to any existing hardware.

Follow these steps to properly assemble ball valves to the retrofit linkage. Reference the step-by-step photos to help guide you through the assembly process.

**Step 1)** Install bracket using the corresponding parts (listed below and to the right) for the exact ball valve being built. These parts may vary from valve to valve.

For 2 inch to 3 inch ball valves use:
- Four 5/16-18x3/4 HHB (P/N 43377)
- Four split washers (P/N 44084)
- Four 5/16-18 kep nuts (P/N 44094).

For 1¼ inch to 1½ inch ball valves use:
- Four ¼-20x1/2 BHCS (P/N 43263)
- Four split washers (P/N 44084)
- Four ¼-20 kep nuts (P/N 44028).

For ¾ inch to 1 inch ball valves use:
- Four ¼-20x3/4 BHCS (P/N 43157-00010)
- Four split washers (P/N 44084)
- Four ¼-20 kep nuts (P/N 44028).

Hand tighten until fully seated.
Step 2) Using an arbor press, press the oilite bearing through the flat plate from the smooth side of plate (burr side is down).

Step 3) Use the supplied single shaft and coupling for the ball valve that is being built.

Push the shaft into the coupling so the two holes (circled in yellow) are exactly centered over each other making an insertion path for the roll pin.

Use the supplied roll pin 1/4" x 1.25" (P/N 45010)

Drive the roll pin through the holes to secure the shaft to coupling.

Step 4) Place the coupling shaft assembly onto the valve stem.

Tap in place until coupling is fully seated on the valve stem.

Put two or three (as needed) ¾ inch nylon washers (P/N 44092) (circled in white) onto the shaft to make a snug fit.

Step 5) Install flat plate over the bearing assembly with the oilite bearing extended portion up.

Note: The plate may need to be fitted to the bracket several times in order to get the correct number of nylon washers needed to make the plate fit flush with both the washers and the bracket.

Fasten the plate to the bracket using four 10-32 x 3/8 SHCS (P/N 43278).
Step 6) Install tail pin 10-32 x 1 SHCS (from the under-side) in the appropriate hole in the bracket.

GM actuator uses the hole to the left

AF actuator uses the center hole as shown

Fasten tight with 10-32 kep nut

Step 7) Install two dual extension plates (P/N 20069) onto the sides of the bracket using four 10-32 x 1/2 SHCS (P/N 43273).

Place four 10-32 kep nuts (P/N 44032) on the inside and tighten.

Step 8) Install the top flat plate down over the shaft with the oilite bearing extended portion facing down.

Step 9) Fasten the plate to the dual extensions using four 10-32 x 1/2 SHCS (P/N 43093) and four 10-32 kep nuts (P/N 44032).

Step 10) Slide actuator down over the shaft and onto the tail pin.

Make sure actuator is level with the bracket and perpendicular to the shaft.
Step 11) Install tail pin 10-32 x 1 SHCS (P/N 43093) in the second flat plate (from the under-side) in the appropriate hole in the bracket for the actuator being used.

AF actuator uses the center hole.

GM actuator uses the hole to the left.

Fasten tight with 10-32 kep nut (P/N 44032).

Slide the second actuator down over the shaft and onto the tail pin.

Note: If using AF actuators make sure the same side of each actuator is up.

GM actuators, press actuator release and rotate actuator to 1 position (open).

Tighten the actuator clamp making sure the ball valve is in the open position (perfectly lined up) and the actuator is set to the 1 position.

Step 12) GM actuators:
- Remove the two nuts from the end of the U bolt.
- Install handle (P/N ZG-H2) onto the two ends of the U bolt (which extends from the clamp on the actuator)

Note: Only the top actuator receives a handle.

- Hand tighten nuts.

Step 13) AF actuators:
- Using the actuator crank provided. Wind each actuator in direction of arrow (either CW or CCW) one revolution.
- Stop and allow actuator to spring return to the end.

Actuators are received positioned at 0 degrees. After allowing actuator to spring return to end, it will be positioned at 5 degrees.

Note: Not all spring return actuators may have this feature.

- If actuator is to be a fail open, operate the actuator and release before tightening down the clamp.
- If actuator is to be a fail closed, operate the actuator to the full end and then tighten the clamp down with the valve in the full open position.

To insure correct calibration of the assembly run the valve to both ends.

If there is slack in the assembly, readjust the ball valves.

Step 14) 3-way ball valves: (FIG.BV-13)
The 3-way ball valve assembly is completed the same way with dual actuators.
View the installation video for UGVL on Belimo’s YouTube channel: https://youtu.be/LAwPDb15FYE
UGVL Linkage with LV and SV Series Actuators

6

1. 4 mm/5 Nm
2. STOP
3. 720°

7

REMOVE

TRASH

8

For Stem Up A to AB

Signal direction

a)

b)

For Stem Down A to AB

8a

1. 4 mm
2. 720°
3. 

8b

1. 4 mm
2. 
3. 

For Stem Down A to AB
QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL

UGVL Linkage with LV and SV Series Actuators

9a
Move Actuator Down
Valve Stem MUST be Up

9b
Move Actuator Down
Valve Stem MUST be Down

10a
Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power
3 mm/5 Nm

10b
Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power
3 mm/5 Nm

11a
Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power
3 mm/5 Nm

11b
Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power
3 mm/5 Nm
### NON-SPRING RETURN ACTUATOR WITH -3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connection</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blk (1)</td>
<td>Common</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red (2)</td>
<td>+ Hot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wht (3)</td>
<td>+ Y Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Org (5)</td>
<td>U Output</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>24 VAC Transformer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N.O / N.C.</td>
<td>150 to 640 VAC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Notes:
- Meets cULus requirements without the need of an electrical ground connection.
- Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
- Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
- Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.
- Only connect common to neg. (-) leg of control circuits.
- A 500 Ω resistor converts the 4 to 20 mA control signal to 2 to 10 VDC.
- Control signal may be pulsed from either the Hot (Source) or Common (Sink) 24 VAC line.
- Contact closures A & B also can be triacs. A & B should both be closed for the triac source and open for triac sink.
- For triac sink the Common connection from the actuator must be connected to the Hot connection of the controller. Position feedback cannot be used with a triac sink controller.
- The actuator internal common reference is not compatible.
- IN4004 or IN4007 diode (IN4007 supplied, Belimo Part number 40155).
- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead.
UGVL Linkage with LVK and SVK Series Actuators

1. LVK... SVK...

- 1 x UNF 3/8" - 24
- 1 x UNF 1/4" - 28
- 1 x UNF 1/4" - 32
- 1 x M1
- 1 x M8
- 1 x M6

2. LVK...

- 9 Nm
- 4 mm

- Style 3
- Style 5

3. Install raised side up

- Style 1, 2, 4 Threaded

4. Optional

5. Optional
UGVL Linkage with LVK and SVK Series Actuators

6

1. 4mm/5 Nm
2. STOP

7

REMOVED

8

For Stem Up A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal

a) A AB

b) A AB

For Stem Down A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal

8a

1. 4mm
2. 3
3. 720°

8b

1. 4mm
2. 3
3. 720°
UGVL Linkage with LVK and SVK Series Actuators

9a
Move Actuator Down
Valve Stem MUST be Up

9b
Move Actuator Down
Valve Stem MUST be Down

10a
Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

10b
Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

11a
Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

11b
Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

4mm/5Nm
**Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with -3**

- **24 VAC Transformer**
  - Line Volts
  - Common
  - Hot
  - Y Input
  - U Output

- **On/Off**
  - 100 to 240 VAC
  - Line Volts
  - Hot
  - Y1 Input
  - Y2 Input

**Wiring Diagrams**

**Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with -SR**

- **24 VAC Transformer**
  - Line Volts
  - Common
  - Hot
  - Y Input
  - U Output

Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with MFT

- **24 VAC Transformer**
  - Line Volts
  - Common
  - Hot
  - Y Input
  - U Output

**Wiring Diagrams**

- **On/Off**
  - 100 to 240 VAC
  - Line Volts
  - Hot
  - Y1 Input

- **Floating Point**
  - 24 VAC Transformer
  - Line Volts
  - Common
  - Hot
  - Y1 Input

**Notes:**

- Meets cULus requirements without the need for an electrical ground connection.
- Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
- Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
- Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.
- Only connect common to neg. (-) leg of control circuits.
- A 500 Ω resistor converts the 4 to 20 mA control signal to 2 to 10 VDC.
- Control signal may be pulsed from either the Hot (Source) or Common (Sink) 24 VAC line.
- Contact closures A & B also can be triacs. A & B should both be closed for the triac source and open for triac sink.
- For triac sink the Common connection from the actuator must be connected to the Hot connection of the controller. Position feedback cannot be used with a triac sink controller. The actuator internal common reference is not compatible.
- IN4004 or IN4007 diode. (IN4007 supplied, Belimo Part number 40155)
- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead.
View the installation video for FGVL on Belimo’s YouTube channel: 
1https://youtu.be/fqs8XfRPyQw
**QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

**FGVL Linkage with EV Series Actuators**

---

**Step 5**
- Must be Flush with Bonnet

**Step 6**
- Tighten Evenly

**Step 7**
- Bring Level

**Step 8**
- 19 mm 75 Nm
- 5 Nm

---

*Notes:*
- Must be Flush with Bonnet
- Tighten Evenly
- Bring Level
FGVL Linkage with EV Series Actuators

1. Tighten Evenly
2. 5 mm

10. 2
   5 Nm
   1

11. 2
    3
    720°

12. 2
    1
    5 mm
    Tighten Evenly

13. Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

Optional Lock and Manual Override

Must Snap Together
FGVL Linkage with EV Series Actuators

Optional

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIEBE</th>
<th>DN min. / max.</th>
<th>Temp.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VB9</td>
<td>65 / 300</td>
<td>2 ... 150 °C</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JOHNSON CONTROLS</th>
<th>DN min. / max.</th>
<th>Temp.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VG2231 VN</td>
<td>65 / 100</td>
<td>2 ... 150 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VG2231 WN</td>
<td>65 / 150</td>
<td>2 ... 150 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Isolate Valve First

1. Isolate Valve First

2.-VG2231 VN 65 / 100 2 ... 150 °C

2. -VG2231 WN 65 / 150 2 ... 150 °C
**WIRING DIAGRAMS**

**Non-Spring Return Actuator with -3**

- **On/Off Floating Point**
  - Line Volts: 150 to 240 VAC
  - Controller:
    - Black (1) – Common
    - Red (2) – Hot
    - White (3) – Y1 Input
  - Feedback Signal:
    - 2 to 10 VDC
  - Notes:
    - Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
    - Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
    - Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.
    - Only connect common to neg. (-) leg of control circuits.
    - A 500 Ω resistor converts the 4 to 20 mA control signal to 2 to 10 VDC.
    - Control signal may be pulsed from either the Hot (Source) or Common (Sink) 24 VAC line.
    - Contact closures A & B also can be triacs. A & B should both be closed for the triac source and open for triac sink.
    - For triac sink the Common connection from the actuator must be connected to the Hot connection of the controller. Position feedback cannot be used with a triac sink controller. The actuator internal common reference is not compatible.

- **Triac Sink**
  - Line Volts: 150 to 240 VAC
  - Controller:
    - Black (1) – Common
    - Red (2) – Hot
    - White (3) – Y1 Input
  - Feedback Signal:
    - 2 to 10 VDC
  - Notes:
    - Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
    - Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
    - Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.
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- **Triac Source**
  - Line Volts: 150 to 240 VAC
  - Controller:
    - Black (1) – Common
    - Red (2) – Hot
    - White (3) – Y1 Input
  - Feedback Signal:
    - 2 to 10 VDC
  - Notes:
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    - Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.
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**Non-Spring Return Actuator with -SR**

- **On/Off Floating Point**
  - Line Volts: 150 to 240 VAC
  - Controller:
    - Black (1) – Common
    - Red (2) – Hot
    - White (3) – Y1 Input
  - Feedback Signal:
    - 2 to 10 VDC
  - Notes:
    - Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
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    - For triac sink the Common connection from the actuator must be connected to the Hot connection of the controller. Position feedback cannot be used with a triac sink controller. The actuator internal common reference is not compatible.

- **Selector Switches**
  - Line Volts: 24 VAC
  - Controller:
    - Black (1) – Common
    - Red (2) – Hot
    - White (3) – Y1 Input
  - Feedback Signal:
    - 2 to 10 VDC
  - Notes:
    - Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
    - Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
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    - For triac sink the Common connection from the actuator must be connected to the Hot connection of the controller. Position feedback cannot be used with a triac sink controller. The actuator internal common reference is not compatible.

**Non-Spring Return Actuator with MFT**

- **On/Off Floating Point**
  - Line Volts: 150 to 240 VAC
  - Controller:
    - Black (1) – Common
    - Red (2) – Hot
    - White (3) – Y1 Input
  - Feedback Signal:
    - 2 to 10 VDC
  - Notes:
    - Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
    - Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
    - Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.
    - Only connect common to neg. (-) leg of control circuits.
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    - For triac sink the Common connection from the actuator must be connected to the Hot connection of the controller. Position feedback cannot be used with a triac sink controller. The actuator internal common reference is not compatible.

- **Triac Sink**
  - Line Volts: 150 to 240 VAC
  - Controller:
    - Black (1) – Common
    - Red (2) – Hot
    - White (3) – Y1 Input
  - Feedback Signal:
    - 2 to 10 VDC
  - Notes:
    - Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
    - Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
    - Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.
    - Only connect common to neg. (-) leg of control circuits.
    - A 500 Ω resistor converts the 4 to 20 mA control signal to 2 to 10 VDC.
    - Control signal may be pulsed from either the Hot (Source) or Common (Sink) 24 VAC line.
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    - For triac sink the Common connection from the actuator must be connected to the Hot connection of the controller. Position feedback cannot be used with a triac sink controller. The actuator internal common reference is not compatible.

- **Triac Source**
  - Line Volts: 150 to 240 VAC
  - Controller:
    - Black (1) – Common
    - Red (2) – Hot
    - White (3) – Y1 Input
  - Feedback Signal:
    - 2 to 10 VDC
  - Notes:
    - Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
    - Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
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QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL

FGVL Linkage with AVK Series Actuators

Table of Optional Screws

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
<td>– 28 UNF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
<td>– 32 UNEF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/8&quot;</td>
<td>– 24 UNF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/16&quot;</td>
<td>– 20 UNF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/2&quot;</td>
<td>– 20 UNF</td>
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<tr>
<td>M8 x 1.25</td>
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<tr>
<td>M8 x 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M12 x 1.25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M16 x 2</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>M16 x 1.5</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Optional Siebe

- VB9.. page 4

Optional Johnson Controls

- VG2231 VN, VG2231 WN page 4

2a STYLE B

32 mm

19 mm

20 Nm

2b STYLE A

8 mm

1/4" – 28 UNF

1/4" – 32 UNEF

3/8" – 24 UNF

7/16" – 20 UNF

1/2" – 20 UNF

M8 x 1.25

M8 x 1

M10

M12 x 1.25

M16 x 2

M16 x 1.5
**FGVL Linkage with AVK Series Actuators**

1. **Bring Level**
   - Must be Flush with Bonnet

2. **Tighten Evenly**
   - 19 mm
   - 75 Nm
   - 5 Nm

3. **ABS**

---

**QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

BELIMO®

---

7
FGVL Linkage with AVK Series Actuators

1. Tighten Evenly

2. Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

Optional Manual Override

Must Snap Together
**FGVL Linkage with AVK Series Actuators**

**Siebe DN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DN</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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**Johnsson Controls**

<table>
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<tbody>
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<td>65 / 100</td>
<td>2 ... 150 °C</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Isolate Valve First**
Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with -3

On/Off Floating Point

100 to 240 VAC

Line Volts

Blk (1) Common

Red (2) + Hot

Wht (3) + Y1 Input

PNK (4) Y2 Input

Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with MFT

On/Off Floating Point

24 VAC Transformer

Line Volts

Blk (1) Common

Red (2) + Hot

Wht (3) + Y1 Input

ORG (5) U Output

Notes:
- Meets cULus requirements without the need of an electrical ground connection
- Actuators with appliance cables are numbered
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- IN4004 or IN4007 diode. (IN4007 supplied, Belimo Part number 40155)
- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead

Override Control Min, Mid, Max Positions

VDC / 4 to 20 mA
FGVL Linkage with RV Series Actuators

1. QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL
2a. STYLE B
2b. STYLE A

Optional:
- 1/4” - 28 UNF
- 1/4” - 32 UNEF
- 3/8” - 24 UNF
- 7/16” - 20 UNF
- 1/2” - 20 UNF
- M8 x 1.25
- M8 x 1
- M10
- M12 x 1.25
- M16 x 2
- M16 x 1.5

Optional:
- Siebe V69...
- Johnson Controls VG2231 VN, VG2231 WN

Siebe
- page 4
Johnson Controls
- VG2231 VN, VG2231 WN
- page 4

1. 20 Nm
2. 19 mm
3. 32 mm
5. Must be Flush with Bonnet

7. 1. Bring Level
    2. ABS

6. 1. Tighten Evenly
    2. Evenly

8. 1. 19 mm
    2. 75 Nm
    3. 5 Nm
Quick Mount Visual Instruction Manual

FGVL Linkage with RV Series Actuators

**Diagram 9:**
- **Note:** Must snap together.
- Tighten evenly.

**Diagram 10:**
- **Note:** 5 Nm.

**Diagram 11:**
- **Note:** Push adaption for 3 seconds with power.
- Optional lock and manual override.

**Diagram 12:**
- **Note:** 5 mm.
- Tighten evenly.

**Diagram 13:**
- **Note:** 720°.
SIEBE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DN min. / max.</th>
<th>Temp.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VB9 65 / 300</td>
<td>2 ... 150 °C</td>
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JOHNSON CONTROLS

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<tr>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VG2231 VN 65 / 100</td>
<td>2 ... 150 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VG2231 WN 65 / 150</td>
<td>2 ... 150 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Isolate Valve First

1. [Diagram showing the isolation valve being operated]
2. [Diagram showing the correct position of the isolation valve]
**Non-Spring Return Actuator with -3**

- **24 VAC Transformer**
  - Line Volts
  - Blk (1) Common
  - Red (2) + Hot
  - Wht (3) Y1 Input
  - Org (5) U Output

- **24 VAC Transformer**
  - Line Volts
  - Blk (1) Common
  - Red (2) + Hot
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- IN4004 or IN4007 diode. (IN4007 supplied, Belimo Part number 40155)
- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead.
For Stem Up A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal

For Stem Down A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal

Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

Optional Lock and Manual Override
# QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL

## SGVL/G2/G3 Linkage with LV and SV Series Actuators

### Wiring Diagrams

#### Non-Spring Return Actuator with -3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Diagram</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24 VAC Transformer</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On/Off</td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floating Point</td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDC / 4 to 20 mA</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triac Sink</td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triac Source</td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Diagram" /></td>
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### Non-Spring Return Actuator with -SR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Diagram</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24 VAC Transformer</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On/Off</td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floating Point</td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDC / 4 to 20 mA</td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selector Switch</td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Diagram" /></td>
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- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead.
Quick Mount Visual Instruction Manual
SGVL/G2/G3 Linkage with LVK and SVK Series Actuators

1. For Stem Up A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal

2. Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

3. For Stem Down A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal

4. Optional Manual Override

5. 4mm

6. 4mm

7. 5Nm

8. Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

Optional Manual Override

BELIMO
QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL

SGVL/G2/G3 Linkage with LVK and SVK Series Actuators

WIRING DIAGRAMS

Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with -3

24 VAC Transformer

Line Volts

2 to 10 VDC Feedback Signal (+)

Triac Sink

On/Off Floating Point

VDC / 4 to 20 mA

Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with -SR

24 VAC Transformer

Line Volts

V Output 2 to 10 V

Triac Source

On/Off Floating Point

VDC / 4 to 20 mA

Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with MFT

24 VAC Transformer

Line Volts

2 to 10 VDC Feedback Signal (+)

Triac Sink with Separate Transformer

On/Off Floating Point

VDC / 4 to 20 mA

Override Control Min, Mid, Max Positions

Notes:

- Meets cULus requirements without the need of an electrical ground connection
- Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
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- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead.

- Blk (1) – Common
- Red (2) – Hot
- Wht (3) – Y Input
- Org (5) – U Output

- Blk (1) – Common
- Red (2) – Hot
- Wht (3) – Y Input
- Org (5) – U Output

- Blk (1) – Common
- Red (2) – Hot
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- Blk (1) – Common
- Red (2) – Hot
- Wht (3) – Y Input
- Org (5) – U Output
QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL

WGVL/G6/G7 Linkage with RV Series Actuators

For Stem Up A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal

For Stem Down A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal

Optional Lock and Manual Override

Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

Signal Direction

@ Minimum Control Signal

5 Nm

5 mm

25 Nm

71823-00001.B

05/16 - Subject to change. © Belimo Aircontrols (USA), Inc.
**Non-Spring Return Actuator with -3**

- **On/Off**: 24 VAC Transformer
  - Blk (1) Common
  - Red (2) Hot
  - Wht (3) Y Input
  - Org (5) U Output

- **Floating Point**: 24 VAC Transformer (AC Only)
  - Blk (1) Common
  - Red (2) Hot
  - Wht (3) Y Input, 2 to 10 V
  - Org (5) U Output, 2 to 10 V

- **Override Control Min, Mid, Max Positions**: 4 to 20 mA
  - Control Signal

**Notes:**
- Meets cULus requirements without the need of an electrical ground connection
- Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.
- Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.
- Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.
- Only connect common to neg. (-) leg of control circuits.
- A 500 Ω resistor converts the 4 to 20 mA control signal to 2 to 10 VDC.
- Control signal may be pulsed from either the Hot (Source) or Common (Sink) 24 VAC line.
- Contact closures A & B also can be triacs. A & B should both be closed for the triac source and open for triac sink.
- For triac sink the Common connection from the actuator must be connected to the Hot connection of the controller. Position feedback cannot be used with a triac sink controller. The actuator internal common reference is not compatible.
- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead.
# QUICK MOUNT VISUAL INSTRUCTION MANUAL
## WGVL/G6/G7 Linkage with EV Series Actuators

## WIRING DIAGRAMS

### Non-Spring Return Actuator with -3

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<th>Line Volts</th>
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- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead.
1. For Stem Up A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal
2. For Stem Down A to AB @ Minimum Control Signal
3. Optional Manual Override

For most systems, operation begins at 25 Nm.

Push Adaption for 3 Seconds with Power

STOP
Electronic Fail-Safe Actuator with -3

24 VAC Transformer

- Line Volts
- 2 to 10 VDC Feedback Signal (+)
- Feedback Signal (–)

On/Off

Floating Point

Selector Switches

24 VAC Transformer

- Line Volts
- Control Signal (+)
- Control Signal (–)

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- IN4004 or IN4007 diode. (IN4007 supplied, Belimo Part number 40155)
- Actuators with plenum rated cable do not have numbers on wires; use color codes instead.